Algorithmic Data Analysis

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Q1.1: Multi-class running times

Suppose that a classification training algorithm requires $O(n^r)$ time for training on a data set of size n. Here r is assumed to be larger than 1. Consider a data set with a perfectly even distribution across k different classes.

As an example case, consider r = 3, n = 1000 and k = 5.

Compare the running time of the one-against-rest approach with that of the one-against-one approach.

Q1.2: Unbalance

Compare the characteristics of *resampling* vs. *reweighting* when dealing with unbalanced datasets.

efficiency flexibility out of the box randomness

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Q1.3: Boosting

Boosting is a
$$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text{data-centered} \\ \text{model-centered} \end{array}\right\}$$
 ensemble learning approach aiming to reduce $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text{bias} \\ \text{variance} \end{array}\right\}$.

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Q1.4: Bag and boost

Would you rather use a linear SVM or a kernel SVM?

- i) To create the ensemble components in bagging
- ii) To create the ensemble components in boosting